

10 SYSTEM CLEAR UTILITY

This section describes the following software programs that run on the MWS-E and CRAY Y-MP systems with an IOS model E; all are used to clear residual or stored data from different areas of the CRI computer system.

- System clear utility (include in ME diagnostic release)
- System clean program for DD-60s (order from Logistics)
- SecureM release (must be ordered from Logistics)

System Clear Utility

The system clear utility is used to clear the CRAY Y-MP mainframe, IOS-E, and SSD-E of any residual or stored data. The `sysclr` command clears data by writing over it with 0's or a pattern entered by the user.

NOTE: The `sysclr` command does not clear data from disk drives; the `syscln` command is used to clear disk drives. Both the `sysclr` and `syscln` commands use the "System Clear" menu with slight differences. The `syscln` command adds the `Clear Disks` and `Configure Disks` lines to the menu.

System clear files are listed and described in Table 10-1. All four programs in the `/cri/mws/sysclr` directory must remain in the directory to enable you to use the `sysclr` program. These programs clear different portions of the Cray Research system and are written in different languages (C, `ampl`, and `CAL`).

Table 10-1. System Clear Utility Programs and Files

Program	Description
/cri/mws/sysclr	This is the system clear utility directory.
/cri/mws/sysclr/iosclr	This program is used to clear data from the IOS.
/cri/mws/sysclr/syscln	This program is used to clear data from DD-60 disk drives. This command displays the "System Clear Utility" menu and provides a user interface to the <code>dskclr</code> program in addition to the same programs the <code>sysclr</code> command calls. The <code>syscln</code> program is not available with the ME diagnostic release; you must order it from Logistics.
/cri/mws/sysclr/dskclr	This program is provided with the System Clean (<code>syscln</code>) package for clear data from DD-60 drives.
/cri/mws/sysclr/sysclr	This command displays the "System Clear Utility" menu and provides a user interface to the other programs.
/cri/mws/sysclr/sysclr.conf	This configuration file is created when you select YES for the Save Configuration parameter and run the <code>sysclr</code> or <code>syscln</code> program. The system clear utility uses this file to load configuration data.
/cri/mws/sysclr/ymplr	<p>This program clears data from the following areas:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • V, B, and T registers • Performance register for 1, 2, 3, 4, or 8 CPUs • SSD through a VHISP channel • Semaphore registers • Instruction registers • CPU memory

System Clear Procedure

The following procedure describes how to use the system clear utility.

1. Enter the following to start the system clear utility:

```
sysclr
```

The following system clear utility main screen is displayed:

```
System Clear Utility

IOSE Processor Select : 0.01234 1.01234 2.QtrCl 3.QtrCl
                      4.XXXXX 5.XXXXX 6.XXXXX 7.XXXXX

SSD Size                : 16 MW
Main Memory Size        : 4 MW
Number of CPUs in YMP   : 8

Data Pattern            : 000000 _
Verify Clear Operation  : YES
Repeat Count            : 1
Losp Device Name        : chn0i
Save Configuration      : YES

Commands:  n -> Next,  p -> Previous,  space bar -> change value
           x -> eXecute,  q -> Quit
```

2. Press the **n** and **p** keys to move between different configuration lines. Press the space bar to change the value of the selected configuration parameter until it matches your site configuration data.

Set the Save Configuration parameter to **YES** to save the parameters you've entered. These parameters are saved into the `sysclr.conf` file and are reloaded the next time you run `sysclr`.

NOTE: You can also use the R8, R10, R12, and R14 (arrow) keys to move between configuration parameters and fields.

- After you have entered all configuration data, enter **x** to run the system clear utility. A screen similar to the one below is displayed as the data in various components is cleared.

```

System Clear Utility                                     Status
IOSE Processor Select : 0.01234 1.01234 2.QtrCl 3.QtrCl Cleared/Verified
                    4.XXXXX 5.XXXXX 6.XXXXX 7.XXXXX
SSD Size              : 16 MW                          Cleared/Verified
Main Memory Size     : 4 MW                            Cleared/Verified
Number of CPUs in YMP : 8                              Cleared/Verified

Data Pattern         : 000000
Verify Clear Operation : YES
Repeat Count         : 1
Losp Device Name     : chn0i
Save Configuration   : YES

Commands:  n -> Next,  p -> Previous, space bar -> change value
           x -> eXecute, q -> Quit

SYSCLR Status:      Subsystem      Address      Status
                   Mainframe      0000xxxxxxx  Clearing/Verified

```

System Clean for Disk Drives

The system clean (`syscln`) program is used to clear data on DD-60 drives. It is not included in the secure MWS-E release but may be ordered as a separate item from Logistics. The `syscln` program may be installed on top of the ME diagnostic release for the MWS-E.

The following procedure describes how to use the `syscln` program:

- Enter the following command to start the disk system clean process:

```
syscln
```

The following system clear utility main screen is displayed:

```

System Clear Utility

IOSE Processor Select : 0.01234 1.XXXXX 2.XXXXX 3.XXXXX
                      4.XXXXX 5.XXXXX 6.XXXXX 7.01234

Clear Disks           : YES
SSD Size              : 16 MW
Main Memory Size      : 4 MW
Number of CPUs in YMP : 8

Data Pattern          : 000000
Verify Clear Operation : YES
Repeat Count          : 1
Losp Device Name      : chn0i
Configure Disks       : YES
Save Configuration    :

Commands:  n -> Next,  p -> Previous,  space bar -> change value
           x -> eXecute,  q -> Quit

```

2. To configure or check which disk drives will be cleared, move to the Configure Disks line and press the spacebar to display the YES parameter.

The following disk configuration screen appears:

```

Page 0

Cluster  IOP  Channel Device
  1       2   32      4
  7       3   36      0
  7       3   36      1
  7       3   36      7

Commands:  n -> Next Page,  p -> Previous page,  a -> Add disk
           d -> Delete disk,  r -> Return to main menu

```

3. Enter a to add disk drives to the configuration list. The sysclean program prompts you to enter the Cluster, IOP, Channel, and Device numbers.

4. After you are finished configuring the disk drives, enter `r` to return to the main menu.
5. You can save all disk configuration data by setting the Save Configuration selection on the main screen to YES.
6. To clear the disks (Clear Disks must be set to YES), enter `x` from the main menu.

The following warning message appears. This screen looks like the disk configuration menu; however, you cannot change configuration data from this warning screen.

```

                                     Page 0
Cluster  IOP  Channel Device
   1      2    32     4
   7      3    36     0
   7      3    36     1
   7      3    36     7

These disks and disks on any subsequent pages WILL BE CLEARED

Commands:  n -> Next Page,  p -> Previous page,  q -> Quit,  c -> Continue
```

NOTE: Depending on the number of disk drives at your site, you may have drives configured on additional disk configuration pages. Enter the `n` command to check if more than one page is configured. Disk drives configured on all pages will be cleared.

7. Enter `c` to continue. The following screen is displayed.

```
Are you sure you wish to continue, ALL the CUSTOMER DATA on the
affected drives will be DESTROYED (y,n)
```

8. Enter `y` to clear all configured disk drives. A screen similar to the following one is displayed. The cylinder range increments as each cylinder is cleared of data.

Cluster	IOP	Channel	Device	Page 0 Cylinder
1	2	32	4	xxxx
7	3	36	0	xxxx
7	3	36	1	xxxx
7	3	36	7	xxxx

Commands: n -> Next Page, p -> Previous page, q -> Quit, c -> Continue

The `sysclr` program returns to the command line prompt after it is finished clearing the disks.

Secure MWS-E Utilities Release

The secure MWS-E release was developed for customers at secure Cray Research, Inc. (CRI) sites who need to control the security of the entire system when running highly classified jobs. The secure MWS-E release is a subset of the ME maintenance diagnostic release. It enables critical hardware performance information to be collected when secure jobs are being run on the CRI computer system.

The secure MWS-E release must be installed on a separate removable hard disk drive that can be loaded and booted on the MWS-E as needed. The secure MWS-E release is intended for use by customer site analysts, not CRI employees. However, a CRI employee should install and verify the installation and configuration of the secure MWS-E release.

The secure MWS-E release provides basic MWS-E operating system functions in addition to the following CRI programs:

- Error logger (`e.log`) program
- Error logger dump (`edmp`) utility
- Configuration (`cfg`) program
- System clear (`sysclr`) utility (also included in the ME release)

NOTE: The system clean (`sysclr`) program is used to clear data on DD-60 drives. It is not included in the secure MWS-E release but may be ordered as a separate item from Logistics. The `sysclr` program may be installed on top of the ME diagnostic release for the MWS-E.

How to Use the Secure MWS-E Release

The following processes describe how to use the secure MWS-E release:

1. When the secure MWS-E package is received at the site, it is installed on a separate removable hard disk drive by CRI maintenance personnel.
2. When the customer needs to use secure MWS-E, the MWS-E is powered down.
3. The removable drive containing secure MWS-E is swapped with the normal hard drive.
4. The MWS-E is powered up.
5. Classified jobs are then run on the CRI system.
6. The system clear (`sysclr`) utility is run to clear all residual or stored data from the system.
7. The MWS-E hard disk drive containing the ME maintenance release is reinstalled in the workstation.
8. The hard drive containing the secure MWS-E release is returned to the customer. The MWS-E is rebooted and returned to its normal operating state.